# django-multimedia Documentation

Release 0.2.0

**Jason Bittel** 

December 03, 2015

#### Contents

1	Cont	ents	3
	1.1	Installation	3
	1.2	Settings	4

Encode multimedia from the Django admin interface. Supports any encoding profile you can write a command line statement to accomplish.

The source code can be found at github.com/jbittel/django-multimedia.

Contents 1

2 Contents

## **Contents**

#### 1.1 Installation

## 1.1.1 Installing

Installing the latest release is easiest with pip:

```
$ pip install django-multimedia
```

This will also install all appropriate dependencies.

#### 1.1.2 Configuring

The first step is to add both django-storages and django-multimedia to your project's INSTALLED\_APPS:

```
INSTALLED_APPS = (
    # ...existing apps...
    'storage',
    'multimedia',
)
```

Once these apps are added, update your database:

```
$ ./manage.py syncdb
$ ./manage.py migrate multimedia
```

You also need to configure an appropriate storage backend for uploading encoded media. The setting MULTIMEDIA\_FILE\_STORAGE should be set to a dotted path specifying the selected backend. For example, for uploading encoded media using SFTP:

```
MULTIMEDIA_FILE_STORAGE = 'storages.backends.sftpstorage.SFTPStorage'
```

Additionally, you will need to configure the selected backend. For more information, see the django-storages documentation.

# 1.1.3 Encoding Profiles

Encoding profiles need to be set up for encoding media. These profiles are created within the Django admin and require three things:

- 1. Name: a display name for the profile
- 2. Container: the filename extension for the output file
- 3. Command: the command line statement to accomplish the encoding

Each command needs to include both % (input) s and % (output) s placeholders for the input and output filenames, respectively. The commands may call any available command line statement to encode the media.

A set of encoding profiles using ffmpeg is provided as a starting point. They may be used as-is, or as an example of how to write your own. These profiles may be loaded into the database with:

```
$ manage.py loaddata encode-profiles
```

Note that this command will remove any previously created profiles.

# 1.2 Settings

django.conf.settings.MULTIMEDIA\_FILE\_STORAGE

Defines the django-storages backend that is used to upload encoded media. This is specified as a dotted path to the desired backend module. For example:

MULTIMEDIA\_FILE\_STORAGE = 'storages.backends.sftpstorage.SFTPStorage'

You will need to configure the selected backend according to its respective documentation.

Index

M

MULTIMEDIA\_FILE\_STORAGE (in module django.conf.settings), 4